1. **Underline the correct variant:**
* His father *spent/was spending* all his time on inventions of various kinds.
* He left school when he was fifteen and *had worked/worked* in his uncle’s drugstore.
* He *was/were* not guilty.
* In 1897 he *returned/had returned* to his dying wife to the USA.
* When O. Henry *released/was released* from prison, he went to New York.
* The years of hard work *undermined/had undermined* the writer’s health and he *died/had died* in 1990.

1. **Put the verbs in brackets into Present Tenses:**
	* O. Henry’s stories…………(be) based almost entirely on plot.
	* His stories …………. (attract) the readers to this day.
	* He………. (be) still a living author.
	* Jim………..(sell) his watch to buy Delia a comb for her hair.
	* He………(like) drawing, and she ……..(like) music and………..(play) the piano.
	* Jonsy ………(get) very ill and ………..(believe) she will die when the last leaf of the tree falls down.
2. **Replace the words in bold with their synonyms:**
	* O. Henry left school when he was fifteen and worked in his uncle’s **chemist’s**.
	* Porter was falsely **blamed for** embezzlement.
	* Two crooks who kidnap a boy cannot stand his **mischief**.
	* The tears of hard work and **need** had undermined the writer’s health.
	* O. Henry was **condemned** to imprisonment.
	* O. Henry’s health was **destroyed** and he died in 1910.
3. **Match the words with their definitions: bandage, crook, teller, charge, pneumonia, laundry.**
	* A long thin piece of cloth that you wrap around the injured part of your body. (…………)
	* An official statement accusing someone of committing a crime. (………..)
	* A criminal (………)
	* A business that washes and irons the clothes. (…………)
	* A serious illness affecting one’s lungs. (…………….)
	* Someone whose job is to receive and pay out money in a bank.
4. **Are the statements true (T) or false (F)?**
	* O. Henry was born in Greensboro, a little town in Texas. …
	* O. Henry was accused of embezzlement and sentenced to imprisonment. …
	* When he was released, he started to write his stories. …
	* O. Henry’s stories are based on characters. …
	* In the story *The ransom of Red Chief* the father gave the crooks 250 pounds for his son. …
	* In the story *The Last Leaf* one old painter helped the girl to overcome her illness but died of pneumonia in the end. …

1. **Here is the plan of the article about O. Henry. Put the parts of the plan in the correct order.**
	* Trial and imprisonment.
	* Family and childhood.
	* The most famous stories by O. Henry.
	* The foundation of *The Rolling Stone* journal.
	* Discharge and the last years.

 (Ковалева Виктория)

Майорова Т.

Find the words in the text which mean the following:

1. The action of hurting or harming someone in return for an injury.
2. A strong feeling of suitability for a particular career or occupation.
3. Intense sorrow, especially caused by someone’s death.
4. A feeling of worry, nervousness, or unease about something with an uncertain outcome.
5. The quality of forming a pleasing and consistent whole.
6. Marked by or adapted for accuracy and exactness.
7. A child whose parents are dead.

|  |
| --- |
| appreciate endowcombine focusdestine doom |

Complete the gaps in the sentences with the words in the box.

1. His extreme height seemed to­­­\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ him for a career in basketball.
2. She feels that he does not \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ her.
3. Fuel was spilling out of the damaged wing and the aircraft was \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ed.
4. He was \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ed with tremendous physical strength.
5. The study will \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ on a number of areas in Wales.
6. Both members sing interchanging lyrics, often \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ing them simultaneously.

Choose a necessary form:

1. The son of actor parents, he (leave) an orphan at the age of three.
2. Mr Allan’s business (take) him abroad, and from 1815 to 1820 Poe (live) with the family in Scotland and England.
3. His sensitive pride (wound) by the social barrier between him and the rich Southern boys.
4. The tobacco merchant never (understand) the boy’s vocation for art.
5. After Poe (marry) a very young girl Virginia Clemm he (spend) the rest of his life in Philadelphia and New York.
6. The horror stories (represent) a psychological study of anxiety and terror, of passion, anger, revenge and other emotions (suffer) by men who think they (destine) for some strange fate.
7. The European poets ( appreciate) the harmony between idea and form (achieve) by Edgar Allan Poe.
8. Edgar Allan Poe (remember) as the writer who (establish) a new kind of poetry and the new short story based on psychological analysis.

Choose - true, false, or not stated - and find in the text.

1. After the death of his parents the boy was adopted by a wealthy merchant from Virginia, John Allan.

True – False – Not stated

1. At the age of six Poe and the Allans moved to England.

True – False – Not stated

1. Poe attended the University of Virginia for one semester but left due to lack of money.

True – False – Not stated

1. He won a prize of 50 dollars for his poems printed in the Baltimore Saturday Visitor.

True – False – Not stated

1. Edgar Poe’s life ended soon after his wife died.

True – False – Not stated

1. During his work in the magazine he became very famous.

True – False – Not stated

1. His prose was aimed to make a strong impression on the reader.

True – False – Not stated

1. All his horror stories show the hero doomed on suffering.

True – False – Not stated

1. The author’s attractive character is endowed with extraordinary powers of deduction and analysis.

True – False – Not stated

1. The European poets appreciated Poe for his new kind of poetry.

True – False – Not stated

Finish the sentences:

1. After the death of his parents he … .
2. At the end of the first year in the University … .
3. Poe became famous not as poet, but … .
4. He wrote many book reviews which … .
5. Edgar Poe distinguished himself in three fields: … .
6. His prose is … .
7. Poe’s stories may be divided into … .
8. The horror stories represent … .
9. Poe is a poet of beauty. His constant themes are … .
10. Edgar Poe is remembered as … .

**1). Complete the gaps with the words from the box.**

bar, sketches, glory, customs, wandering

1. He was fond of different fairy-tales, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and legends.

2. The author liked \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ around the country-side, watching the rural life.

3. Washington Irving was good at writing\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, brief written descriptions, giving only basic details.

4. As he was studying law, soon he gained the admission to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

5. The author showed the depicted \_\_\_\_\_\_ of Europe unknown to America before.

**2). Match words to make the word combinations given in the text.**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| 1. fond | a) up |
| 2. humorous | b) service |
| 3. immediate  | c) style |
| 4. military | d) irony |
| 5. graceful | e) sketches |
| 6. jolly | f) success |
| 7. fine | g) caricature |
| 8. catch | h) of |

**3). Open the brackets.**

1. As we know, this famous and talented writer (to bear) in the 18th century.

2. He was a sickly child, that is why he (not to send) to school.

3. The first works of Washington Irving (to print) in his brother’s magazine.

4. At the beginning of the 19th century the author (to admit) to the bar.

5. The book that (to publish) later became an immediate success.

6. The tone of the book and the humour of the author highly (to appreciate) by Walter Scott and Charles Dickens.

7. The author’s wit and manner of writing (to catch up) and (to develop) later in the American literature.

**4). Read the sentences, choose if they are True or False.**

1. Washington Irving’s English-born mother had educated him at home, as he wasn’t sent to school.

2. Writing became Irving’s job when he was seventeen, despite his father wanted him to study law.

3. Before writing one of his famous works *The Sketch Book* Irving worked as a lawyer.

4. Irving’s graceful style and colourful descriptions made him the Father of American short story.

5. He was the last American writer to win European approval.

**5). Continue the sentences.**

1. Washington Irving was fond of different things, such as…

2. In 1806 the author was admitted to the bar, but…

3. With some friends he started a paper *Salmagundi*, which was…

4. *The Sketch Book* was published in New York and London and consisted of…

5. The manner of Washington Irving’s writing was a mixture and included…

**Ex. 1. Match the word with its definition**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| 1) mine | a) a person who has very little experience and does not know about the bad things that happen in life |
| 2) to apprentice | b) a hole or system of holes in the ground where substances such as coal, metal, and salt are removed |
| 3) innocent | c) the conditions that existed before a particular event happened, and that help to explain why it happened |
| 4) typesetter | d) to choose someone officially for a job |
| 5) background  | e) a biting criticism, remark etc. is cruel or unkind |
| 6) sketch | f) when someone pretends to have certain beliefs or opinions that they do not really have |
| 7) to appoint | g) to work for an employer for a fixed period of time in order to learn a particular skill or job |
| 8) hypocrisy | h) a person who creates and prepares a text for printing |
| 9) biting | i) dishonest, illegal, or immoral behaviour |
| 10) corruption | j) a short written or spoken story that does not have many details |

**Ex. 2. Fill in the gaps with the words from Ex. 1**

1) He was a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in a district newspaper, a printer and journalist in the office of the *Hannibal Journal*.

2) Clemens \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ himself as a river pilot on board a Mississippi steamboat.

3) He made his first attempt at literature having written a number of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ based on his experience as a pilot.

4) His brother was \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ as Secretary to the Governor of the state of Nevada.

5) Sam was digging gold as a lot of fortune-seekers but when the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ stopped working he wrote sketches.

6) His book *“The Innocents Abroad”* is very interesting because European scenes and customs are viewed through the eyes of an “\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_” American.

7) The book *“A Connecticut Yankee in the Court of King Arthur”* is a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ satire on the system of day against the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of a fantastic plot.

8) Mark Twain attacks the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of contemporary society.

**Ex. 3. Rewrite the sentences using Passive Voice**

1) **Example**: People around the world know Mark Twain as a great humorist and satirist. → Mark Twain **is known** as a great humorist and satirist.

2) He came into the world on November 30, 1835 in a lawyer’s family in a very small town called Florida in Missouri.

3) He got the license two years later and continued in that profession until the Civil War closed the river.

4) His brother got an appointment as Secretary to the Governor of the state of Nevada.

5) Sam wrote sketches and published them in the *Territorial Enterprise*, a daily paper of Virginia City.

6) Mark Twain wrote a series of letters as his first important book *The Innocents Abroad.*

7) Mark Twain views European scenes and customs through the eyes of an “innocent” American.

8) Mark Twain got three honorary degrees from American Universities.

9) He published his last novel *The Man That Corrupted Hadleyburg* in 1899.

**Ex. 4. Are the sentences true or false?**

1) Mark Twain is a real name.

2) When Samuel was twelve his mother died.

3) Sam always wanted to be a pilot on a steamboat.

4) His first sketches were about his experiences as a pilot.

5) In Nevada he found a lot of silver and became rich.

6) Mark Twain won national fame because of his sketches and stories in 1860s.

7) The series of letters “The Innocents Abroad” didn’t get any success.

8) The action in “*A Connecticut Yankee in the Court of King Arthur”* takes place in England of day.

9) Mark Twain travelled a lot and visited different parts of the world.

10) Mark Twain glorifies the manners of contemporary society.

**Ex. 5. Put the sentences in the correct order.**

1) The traffic on the Mississippi was stopped and Clemens was out of job.

2) It was at this period of his life that he made his first attempt at literature.

3) In 1871 Mark Twain moved to Hartford which remained his home for the happiest years of his life.

4) In the last years of his life Mark Twain wrote several political articles and pamphlets.

5) He went to Europe for the first time to write a series of letters.

6) He changed several professions: he was a typesetter in a district newspaper, a printer and journalist.

7) While he was working for the Enterprise his career as a journalist really began.

**Keys**

**Ex. 1.**

1b 2g 3a 4h 5c 6j 7d 8f 9e 10i

**Ex. 2.**

1) typesetter, 2) apprenticed, 3) sketches, 4) appointed, 5) mines, 6) innocent, 7) biting, background, 8) hypocrisy, corruption

**Ex. 3.**

2) He was born on November 30, 1835 in a lawyer’s family in a very small town called Florida in Missouri.

3) He was licensed two years later and continued in that profession until the Civil War closed the river.

4) His brother was appointed as Secretary to the Governor of the state of Nevada.

5) Sketches were written and published in the Territorial Enterprise, a daily paper of Virginia City.

6) A series of letters was written as his first important book The Innocents Abroad.

7) European scenes and customs are viewed through the eyes of an “innocent” American.

8) Mark Twain was given three honorary degrees from American Universities.

9) His last novel The Man That Corrupted Hadleyburg was published in 1899.

**Ex. 4.**

1) false, 2) false, 3) true, 4) true, 5) false, 6) true, 7) false, 8) false, 9) true, 10) false

**Ex. 5.**

**6, 2, 1, 7, 5, 3, 4**

1. **Match the words with their synonyms and synonymous phrases. Write your answers in the table below.**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| 1 |  |
| 2 |  |
| 3 |  |
| 4 |  |
| 5 |  |
| 6 |  |
| 7 |  |
| 8 |  |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| 1. Aptitude
 | 1. To predict
 |
| 1. Appointment
 | 1. The best work
 |
| 1. Fame
 | 1. To criticize someone(something) in public
 |
| 1. Masterpiece
 | 1. Skills, ability
 |
| 1. Urgent
 | 1. Tired, exhausted
 |
| 1. To condemn
 | 1. Immediate
 |
| 1. Weary
 | 1. Prominence
 |
| 1. To foretell
 | 1. The fact of being given a new job
 |

1. **Complete the following sentences with the words from Exercise 1 in the correct forms.**
2. H. Longfellow \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the coming of the Civil War in his *The Poems on Slavery*.
3. Henry Longfellow had great \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ for foreign languages.
4. The main character of the poem *The Slave’s Dream* was \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ from his heavy work.
5. Henry Longfellow had an \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ at Harvard so he studied German and Northern literatures to qualify himself for it.
6. The main theme of the Longfellow’s books represented the most \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ question of the day.
7. Henry Longfellow’s \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is a collection of verses *Poems on Slavery*.
8. Longfellow’s \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ spread after his book of poems *Ballads and Other Poems* was published.
9. H. Longfellow \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the shameful institution if slavery in his poetry.
10. **Complete each sentence with the correct form of the verb given in brackets.**
11. When Longfellow was a little boy, he was told about his grandfather who (to be) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ a general in Washington’s army.
12. H. Longfellow knew about his uncle who (to be) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ an officer in the US Navy.
13. Before *Poems on Slavery* was published, slavery (to become) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the most urgent question of the day.
14. *Evangeline* is the most beautiful poem Longfellow (to write) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ so far.
15. Longfellow was able to complete his epic poem *The Song of Hiawatha* only after 30 years since he (to graduate) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ from the university.
16. By the end of his life Henry Longfellow (to win) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ recognition all over the world.
17. **Decide which of the following sentences are true (T) and false (F).**
18. Henry Longfellow has made two trips to Europe. (T / F)
19. The best work of art that Longfellow has produced is a collection of verses *Poems on Slavery*. (T / F)
20. Longfellow was the first poet whose descriptions of nature weren’t abstract. (T / F)
21. H. Longfellow became a world-famous writer because of his poem in which he described way of living of Indian people. (T / F)
22. Henry Longfellow knew ten foreign languages. ( T / F)
23. *Evangeline* is a poem about slavery. (T / F)
24. Henry Longfellow was offered a job in Harvard University. (T / F)
25. **Put the following sentences in the correct order.**
26. *The Poems on Slavery* was published.
27. Henry Longfellow made his second trip to Europe.
28. Longfellow became a world-famous writer because of the epic poem *The Song of Hiawatha.*
29. Henry Longfellow spent three years in Europe studying European languages and literature.
30. H. Longfellow became a member of St Petersburg Academy of Sciences.
31. An anthology *Poets of Europe* was published.

TEST\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Date\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Name\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

1. **Continue the sentences**
* In 1885, he was borrowing books…
* Jack got only a grammar school education because of…
* The only job he could find was in a jute mill where he earned one…
* Then gold was discovered in…
* The writer drew a realistic picture of the misery…
1. **Put the correct tense**
* Jack London (to be)\_\_\_\_\_\_ born in San Francisco.
* London (to call) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ his childhood years the hungriest period of his life.
* In 1885 he (to borrow) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ books from the public library and read everything he could.
* But family affairs (to go)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ from bad to worse.
* He (to find) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_a work in a cannery.
* London (to know) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the North very well.
* The years of 1906-1909 (to be) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_the prime of London`s creative work.
1. **Write down the synonyms of the words (as much as possible):**
* Injure - \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
* Jail - \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
* Occasion - \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
* Power plant - \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
* Odd - \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
* Pinch - \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
1. **Paraphrase**
* When Jack was eight months old, his mother left Chancy, and married John London, whom the boy grew to love more than his own father.

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

* At the age of 13 he continued working as a newspaper boy and performed some other odd jobs.

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

* He began thinking of the necessity of improving his education.

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

* In 1889 he arrived home to find his father dead.

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

1. **TRUE or FALSE**
* Jack London, the famous Irish novelist.
* Jack London called his childhood years the happiest period of his life.
* Because of financial difficulties, Jack London got only a grammar school education
* The only job he could find was in a jute mill where he earned one dollar for eight hours a day.
* His success in the competition turned his thoughts to singing, but he had to earn his living.
1. **Answer the questions:**
* What did Jack London write about his childhood? \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
* What did he do in his spare time?

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

* Did he take part in competition? Was it successful?

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

* Which novels brought the writer wide popularity?

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

* What did Jack London do in 1902?

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

* How many novels, books and plays did he write?

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

* When and where did Jack London die?

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_